

BRITISH NATION.

Saturday, July 5. 1712.

England must this O'd Prophecy fulfill, If e're she's savd, 's mut be against ber Will.

ness than will please, been telling you who they are that are for effectualty bringing on a War with the Dutch - It is an unhappy Parallel that lies before in the two great National Clamours that have taken us up of late The late Cry of the Danger of sh- Church, and the present Cry of the Danger of a War with the Dutch; in both which, I observe the Princinle which they acted from, was alike abjurd.

The late Clamours of the Danger

Have perhaps with more plain- of the Church were handed on by those, whose Practices were the most Dangerous to the Church, of any that could be found in the Nation - The Complaint now of our being running on to a War with the Dutch, is made by those People, whose Practise at this Time has the most direct tendency to a War with the Duich, and which must, if they go on, make it unavoidable.

This I made very plain but as it is very difficult to persuadePeople to look into their own Ways, and especially to Convince them of

their own Mistakes, I am obliged us to this, is to say nothing to the and I humbly recommend it to the honest People of this Nation, to Examin their own Thoughts a little, and let them ask themselves a few of the following Questions.

Are we not mighty desirous that the Confederates should carry on the War without us? Have we not appear'd pleas'd with the Notions spread Abroad, however false and unlikely to be true, of the Dutch fitting out a great Fleet of 70Men of War, and fending a Squadron to prevent our Troops going by Sea to Dunkirk? Have not we been mightily pleas'd, that the Auxiliary Troops in the pay of Great Britain, have refus'd to obey our Orders, and with the Contempt with which it is Reported, the Confederate Generals have Treated the British General, and much more which I could name?

And whither does all this tend? Is not this cutting our own. Throats? Are not all these Steps to a Breach with the Dutch? Are not all these Steps to continuing the War? In which Case, as I have prov'd already, it is impossible for us to stand Neuter, nay, even the Confederates themselves would not permit us to do fo.

To fay this is all owing to the Change of Measures and Ministry. here, and fuch and fuch have brought

to speak it over and over again; Purpose; if a Man throw me into a deep River, Is it my Bufiness to Exclaim against the Treachery or Cruelty, or whatever I may call it; or is it my Bufiness to swim out again? The first will end in Drowning myself, the latter may be a Deliverance: The Question as I said before, is not why we have broke off from the Dutch, why we resolve upon Peace? But what we are' to do. now it is so happened?

> Why the Government has put an End to the War, or how, or who is Concern'd in it, this is nothing to me; the Queen has anfwer'd it to us all, that it is her Undoubted Prerogative to make Peace and War: vide the Queen's Speech June 19 Nor are the Arguments for, or aginst the Reasonableness or Justice of the present Peace, of any Weight in this Matter one Way or other: I wish it were in my Power. or any honest Man's Power, by Wife and Moderate Steps, to prevent a Separate Peace, but we are in this Case to look on the Thing Peace, to be determin'd, and we fee no Way to prevent it, what is now to be done is the Question?

The Emperor and the Dutch will carry on the War without us, far some, and please themselves with the Hopes of it; for my part, I dread the Consequences; can be done without bringing us to a War with the Dutch, I shall be glad to hear of it, but if not, as I am satisfy'd it cannot, Where are we then? And what are we all do-

ing, but carrying on a Jacobite Interest, by our own Animosities and Party-Fury? And we that pretend to be all one with the Dutch, are bringing on a War with them the shortest Way, let us state the Case as plainly as possible.

If the Dutch carry on this War against France, one of these Things must follow, perhaps all of them, let any Man that regards the Protestant Interest, Examin them, and

reflect upon himself.

1. Either the Dutch Rvin'd;

2. Or we must be Ruin'd;

the Dutch.

but I see no Medium, unless the such an unhappy Crisis, let any one Peace intervene, nor any Way to but observe the Particulars prevent it, if the Confederates do We must be oblig'd to Fight the not come into a Peace.

carry on the War against France, either they will Conquer or be the Dutch on to Fight to their Ruin, beaten, if they should be beaten, all Men will allow they are Ruind, fight the French again, least all for England being disoblig'd, they have no Human Recourse.

2. If they Conquer and Reduce France, and Recover Spain, we having Incensed the Emperor, Disoblig'd the Durch, and having no Share in their Success, but having rather oppos'd it- What can we expect, but to have all Europe by their Influence Enrag'd against us, our Trade destroy'd, and perhaps worse? And this I call RUIN tous.

3. Such Success of the Dutch against France, must force us to a War, to prevent that Ruin; I have nothing to do here, with why, or wherefore we have broken off from the Confederates; as I faid before, the Thing is done and over, there is no looking back, at least in my Argument: The Question is, what follows?

It is a sad Prospect of the present Affair, that the Consequence of these Extremes seem to make a new War inevitable; I am sure no Man must be speaks of this with more Concern than I do, and I speak of it now, that if possible, it may be prevent-3. Or we must have a War with ed, it is in vain to talk of it after-

wards.

It is a Melancholly Thing to These are all Dreadful Prospects, think Affairs should be brought to Dutch if they Conquer, for fear of I. If the Emperor and the Dutch our own Ruin; We must be forc'd to Fight the Emperor, least he push and at last, we may be oblig'd to should be Ruin'd.

> Let the wisest Man alive a propose a Medium for this, if he can, except a Peace can be made to quiet and satisfie all Parties, and this I cannot but yet hope for, from the Wisdom and Prudence of the

Dutch.

Going back to the Confederates, and carrying on the War, is what, I suppose is not to be expected on our Side, bringing the Emperor to accept of Peace, without the Spanish Monarchy, is what we see no Hopes of — What a Condition then are we come to? The British having Employ'd most Foreign Troops, are not in a Condition to hold the Ballance, and standing between the two Parties, force them to agree; What then but Ruin to us

and all Europe, can be the Con-. fequence of this War?

The only Medium I fee is, that Britain must put herselt into a Posture of Strength, to hold the lands of these Contending Powers, and bring them to Peace, either by fair means or fool, for which soever Side Conquers in the War, we cannot be fare, and if this be done, I am sure it will be fore against our Wills, which makes good my Text.

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